# WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE NATALIE E. TENNANT ADMINISTRATIVE LAW DIVISION

Do Not Mark In This Box

2012 JUN 22 PM 2: 07

OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

Effective	Date

Form #7

#### NOTICE OF AN EMERGENCY RULE

AGENCY: West Virginia Board of Examiners for Registered Professional Nurses	TITLE NUMBER:
CITE AUTHORITY: §60A-9-5-5a(b)	
EMERGENCY AMENDMENT TO AN EXISTING RULE: YES _	NO <u></u>
IF YES, SERIES NUMBER OF RULE BEING AMENDED:	
TITLE OF RULE BEING AMENDED:	
IF NO, SERIES NUMBER OF RULE BEING PROPOSED:	14
TITLE OF RULE BEING PROPOSED: Practitioner Requirements	s for Accessing the West Virginia Controlled Substances
Monitoring Program Data	

THE ABOVE RULE IS BEING FILED AS AN EMERGENCY RULE TO BECOME EFFECTIVE AFTER APPROVAL BY SECRETARY OF STATE OR 42ND DAY AFTER FILING, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST.

THE FACTS AND CIRCUMSTANCES CONSTITUTING THE EMERGENCY ARE AS FOLLOWS:

This rule is filed in compliance with W.Va.Code§60A-9-5a(b) which provides that emergency and legislative rules are to be promulgated to effectuate the provisions of W.Va. Code §60A-9-5a related to the West Virginia Controlled Substances Monitoring Program.

/ Au

uthorized Signature

Use additional sheets if necessary

## **□ EMERGENCY RULE QUESTIONNAIRE**

DATE	<u>June 22, 2012</u>
TO:	LEGISLATIVE RULE-MAKING REVIEW COMMITTEE
FROM	E:(Agency Name, Address & Phone No.) West Virginia Board of Examiners for Registered Professiona  101 Dee Drive, Suite 102
	Charleston, WV 25311 304-5583596
EMER	GENCY RULE TITLE: Practitioner Requirements for Accessing the West Virginia Conti
1.	Date of filing June 22, 2012
2.	Statutory authority for promulgating emergency rule:
	SB 437, 2012 Regular Legislative Session changes necessitate this rule.  West Virginia Code Section 60A-9-6 provides rule-making authority.
3.	Date of filing of proposed legislative rule: June 22, 2012
4.	Does the emergency rule adopt new language or does it amend or appeal a current legislative rule? Adopts new language.
5.	Has the same or similar emergency rule previously been filed and expired?
	No
6.	State, with particularity, those facts and circumstances which make the emergency rule necessary for the <u>immediate</u> preservation of public peace, health, safety or welfare.
	SB 437 (2012) makes the new language necessary and requires the Board to incorporate language into rule which would require practitioners to follow the requirements for accessing the controlled substance monitoring program database to determine whether a patient has previously received controlled substances and to document the information.

If the emergency rule was promulgated in order to comply with a time limit established by the Code or federal statute or regulation, cite the Code provision, federal statute or regulation and time limit established therein.
SB 437 (2012) became effective June 8, 2012.
State, with particularity, those facts and circumstances which make the emergency rule necessary to prevent substantial harm to the public interest.
SB 437 makes the changes necessary. With the increase in substance abuse issues, this new language makes it necessary for practitioners to access the database and be aware
of the patient's use of controlled substances before prescribing to the patients and to document and monitor the patient's use of controlled substances.

email: rnboard@wv.gov web address: www.wvrnboard.com



**TELEPHONE:** 

(304) 558-3596

FAX (304) 558-3666

#### STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA

### BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL NURSES

101 Dee Drive, Suite 102 Charleston, WV 25311-1620

June 22, 2012

The Honorable Natalie Tennant Secretary of State Building 1, Suite 157-K 1900 Kanawha Blvd Charleston, WV 25305-0770

RE: Board Approved Emergency Proposed Rule WV 19 CSR 14

**Dear Secretary Tennant:** 

The West Virginia Board of Examiners for Registered Professional Nurses in session June 14, 2012 approved the proposed rule WV 19 CSR 14 Practitioner Requirements for Accessing the West Virginia Controlled Substances Monitoring Program Database. This letter serves to notify your office of the agency approval and to provide the required brief summary for the proposed changes.

The proposed rule is required by SB 437, of the 2012 Regular Legislative Session. This law requires the Board to incorporate language into rule which would require practitioners to take necessary steps when prescribing controlled substances to patients by accessing the database to determine whether a patient previously received a controlled substance and to document the information in the patient's file.

Should you have any questions or desire more information please contact me.

For the Board.

Laura Skidmore Rhodes, MSN, RN

**Executive Director** 

## APPENDIX B FISCAL NOTE FOR PROPOSED RULES

Rule Title:	Practitioner Requirements for Accessing the West Virginia Controlled Substances Monitoring Program Database.
Гуре of Rule:	X Legislative Interpretive Procedural
Agency:	West Virginia Board of Examiners for Registered Professional Nurses
Address:	101 Dee Drive, Suite 102 Charleston, WV 25311
Phone Number:	304-558-3596 Email: <u>laura.s.rhodes@wv.gov</u>
Summ	Fiscal Note Summary narize in a clear and concise manner what impact this measure will have on costs and revenues of state government.
RN Board. There will I	e no impact on the costs and revenues of state government as it relates to the WV be a cost incurred by the Board in providing adequate notification to practitioners. ged within the current budget.

#### **Fiscal Note Detail**

Show over-all effect in Item 1 and 2 and, in Item 3, give an explanation of Breakdown by fiscal year, including long-range effect.

	FISCAL	YEAR	
Effect of Proposal	Current Increase/Decrease (use "-")	Next Increase/Decrease (use "-")	Fiscal Year (Upon Full Implementation)
1. Estimated Total Cost	0.00	0.00	0.00
Personal Services	0.00	0.00	0.00
Current Expenses	0.00	0.00	0.00
Repairs & Alterations	0.00	0.00	0.00
Assets	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other	0.00	0.00	0.00
2. Estimated Total Revenues	0.00	0.00	0.00

Rule Title:	 	 	 

here	re no increases or decreases in fees related to this rule.
t ha	MEMORANDUM  Please identify any areas of vagueness, technical defects, reasons the proposed rule wo e a fiscal impact, and/or any special issues not captured elsewhere on this form.
	Please identify any areas of vagueness, technical defects, reasons the proposed rule wo
	Please identify any areas of vagueness, technical defects, reasons the proposed rule wo e a fiscal impact, and/or any special issues not captured elsewhere on this form.
	Please identify any areas of vagueness, technical defects, reasons the proposed rule wo e a fiscal impact, and/or any special issues not captured elsewhere on this form.
	Please identify any areas of vagueness, technical defects, reasons the proposed rule wo e a fiscal impact, and/or any special issues not captured elsewhere on this form.
	Please identify any areas of vagueness, technical defects, reasons the proposed rule wo e a fiscal impact, and/or any special issues not captured elsewhere on this form.
	Please identify any areas of vagueness, technical defects, reasons the proposed rule wo e a fiscal impact, and/or any special issues not captured elsewhere on this form.
	Please identify any areas of vagueness, technical defects, reasons the proposed rule wo e a fiscal impact, and/or any special issues not captured elsewhere on this form.
	Please identify any areas of vagueness, technical defects, reasons the proposed rule wo e a fiscal impact, and/or any special issues not captured elsewhere on this form.
	Please identify any areas of vagueness, technical defects, reasons the proposed rule wo e a fiscal impact, and/or any special issues not captured elsewhere on this form.
	Please identify any areas of vagueness, technical defects, reasons the proposed rule wo e a fiscal impact, and/or any special issues not captured elsewhere on this form.
	Please identify any areas of vagueness, technical defects, reasons the proposed rule wo e a fiscal impact, and/or any special issues not captured elsewhere on this form.
	Please identify any areas of vagueness, technical defects, reasons the proposed rule wo e a fiscal impact, and/or any special issues not captured elsewhere on this form.
ne F	Please identify any areas of vagueness, technical defects, reasons the proposed rule wo e a fiscal impact, and/or any special issues not captured elsewhere on this form.
	Please identify any areas of vagueness, technical defects, reasons the proposed rule wo e a fiscal impact, and/or any special issues not captured elsewhere on this form.

Practitioner Requirements for Accessing the West Virginia Controlled Substances Monitoring Program Database.

Rule Title:

TITLE 19

LEGISLATIVE RULE

FILEL

2012 JUN 22 PM 2: 07

WEST VIRGINIA BOARD OF

**EXAMINERS FOR REGISTERED** 

OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

#### PROFFESIONAL NURSES

#### SERIES 14

## PRACTITIONER REQUIREMENTS FOR ACCESSING THE WEST VIRGINIA CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES MONITORING PROGRAM DATABASE

#### §19-14-1. General.

- 1.1. Scope. W. Va. Code § 60A-9-5a(a) provides that upon initially prescribing or dispensing any pain-relieving substance for a patient and at least annually thereafter should the prescriber or dispenser continue to treat the patient with controlled substances, all persons with prescriptive or dispensing authority and in possession of a valid Drug Enforcement Administration registration identification number and licensed shall access the West Virginia Controlled Substances Monitoring Program database for information regarding specific patients for whom they are providing pain-relieving controlled substances as part of a course of treatment for chronic, nonmalignant pain but who are not suffering from a terminal illness, and that the information obtained shall be documented in the patient's medical record. W. Va. Code§ 60A-9-5a(b) provides that emergency and legislative rules are to be promulgated to effectuate the provisions of W.Va.Code§ 60A-9-5a.
- 1.2. Authority. -W. Va. Code § 60A-9-5a(b)
- 1.3. Filing date. –
- 1.4. Effective date. –

#### §19-14-2. Definitions.

- 2.1. As used in this rule, the following words and terms have the following meaning:
- 2.1.a. "Administering" means the direct application of a drug to the body of a patient by injection, inhalation, ingestion or any other means.
- 2.1.b. "Board" means the West Virginia Board of Examiners for Registered Professional Nurses as described at W. Va. Code § 30-7-1 et. seq.
- 2.1.c. "Controlled substance" means a drug that is classified by federal or state law in Schedules I, II, III, IV or V, as defined in W.Va. Code§ 60A-2-204 through 212.
- 2.1.d. "Course of treatment" means the period of time necessary to effect a cure for an acute disease, or the period of time from one office visit until the next scheduled or anticipated office visit for a chronic disease.

- 2.1.e. "CSMP" means the West Virginia Controlled Substances Monitoring Program repository and database.
- 2.1.f. "DEA registration identification number" means the federal Drug Enforcement Administration registration identification number issued to a practitioner.
- 2.1.g. "Dispensing" means the preparation and delivery of a drug to an ultimate user by or pursuant to a lawful order of a practitioner, including the prescribing, packaging, labeling, administering or compounding necessary to prepare the drug for that delivery.
- 2.1.h. "Medical records" means records including the medical history and physical examination; diagnostic, therapeutic and laboratory results; evaluations and consultations; treatment objectives; discussion of risks and benefits; informed consent; treatments; medications (including date, type, dosage and quantity provided); instructions and agreements; and periodic reviews.
- 2.1.1. "Opioid" means natural and semi-synthetic derivatives of the opium poppy, as well as similar synthetic compounds that have analgesic or pain relieving properties because of their effects in the central nervous system. These include, but are not limited to, codeine, morphine, hydromorphone, hydrocodone, oxycodone, methadone, and fentanyl.
- 2.1.j. "Pain-relieving controlled substance" means, but is not limited to, an opioid or other drug classified as a Schedule II through V controlled substance and recognized as effective for pain relief, and excludes any drug that has no accepted medical use in the United States or lacks accepted safety for use in treatment under medical supervision including, but not limited to, any drug classified as a Schedule controlled substance.
- 2.1.k. "Patient" means a person presenting himself or herself for treatment who is not considered by the practitioner as suffering from a terminal illness.
- 2.1.l. "Practitioner" means a registered professional nurse licensed pursuant to the provisions of The Nurse Practice Act W. Va. Code  $\S$  30-7-1 *et seq.* who possesses a valid DEA registration identification.
- 2.1.m. "Provision" means prescribing and administering.
- 2.1.n. "Terminal illness" means an incurable or irreversible condition as diagnosed by the attending physician or a qualified physician for which the administration of life-prolonging intervention will serve only to prolong the dying process.

# §19-14-3. General Rules for Practitioners for Patients Not Suffering from a Terminal Illness.

- 3.1. Prior to the initial provision of any pain-relieving controlled substance as part of a course of treatment for chronic nonmalignant pain to any patient not considered by a practitioner to be suffering from a terminal illness, a practitioner shall apply for and receive capability to access the CSMP for purposes of compliance with this rule.
- 3.2. Prior to the initial provision of a pain-relieving controlled substance as part of a course of treatment for chronic nonmalignant pain to a patient not considered by the current practitioner to be suffering from a terminal illness, a current practitioner is required to access the CSMP to

determine whether the patient has obtained any controlled substance reported to the CSMP from any source other than the current practitioner within the twelve (12) month period immediately preceding the visit of the patient to the current practitioner.

- 3.3. Upon accessing the CSMP prior to the initial provision of a pain-relieving controlled substance as part of a course of treatment for chronic nonmalignant pain, the access and any controlled substances reported to the CSMP within the twelve (12) month period immediately preceding the visit of the patient shall be then promptly documented in the patient's medical record, with rationale for provision of the pain-relieving controlled substance by the current practitioner, with a copy of the CSMP accessed report signed and dated by the current practitioner.
- 3.4. After the initial provision of a pain-relieving controlled substance as part of a course of treatment for chronic nonmalignant pain, should the patient continue as a patient with the current practitioner, and the current practitioner continues to provide pain-relieving controlled substances as part of a course of treatment for chronic, nonmalignant pain, the CSMP shall be accessed by the current practitioner at least annually to determine whether the patient has obtained any controlled substances reported to the CSMP from any source other than the current practitioner within the twelve.(12) month period immediately preceding the access. The access and any controlled substances from any other source other than the current practitioner reported to the CSMP within such twelve (12) month immediately preceding the access shall be then promptly documented in the patient's medical record, with rationale for continuing provision of the pain-relieving substance by the current practitioner, with a copy of the CSMP accessed report signed and dated by the current practitioner.
- 3.5.. Nothing herein prohibits the CSMP from being accessed for a specific patient more frequently than annually by the current practitioner, however, upon any such additional access of the CSMP, controlled substances reported to the CSMP from any source other than the current practitioner shall be promptly documented in the patient's medical record, with rationale for provision of the pain-relieving controlled substance by the current practitioner, with a copy of the CSMP accessed report signed and dated by the current practitioner. *Provided*, that an electronic date and signature of the current practitioner will meet this requirement.

#### §19-14-4. Other legal authority

4.1. Practitioners must comply with all other applicable federal and state laws, rules, and regulations.

#### §19-14-5. Discipline.

5.1. Any practitioner who fails to comply with this rule 19 CSR 14 is subject to Board disciplinary proceedings for failing to perform any statutory or legal obligation placed upon the practitioner and unprofessional, unethical, and dishonorable conduct, pursuant to W. Va. Code § 30-7-11 and 19CSR 3